Jamaica by Swartz, and, presumably, it has not been seen in a living state by any botanist during this long period, a striking illustration of the extremely local distribution of some West Indian species.

It would appear that the plant was correctly referred to the Bromeliaceae at its original description; as Mr. Baker remarks, it is allied, at least in habit, to Tillandsia utriculata L., though he places the two in different subgenera. In floral structure it differs from both his subgenera Platystachys and Cyathophora by having a pair of scales at the base of each corolla-segment, and in this feature agrees with his subgenus Vriesia, a group regarded by Professor Mez as of generic rank.
As shown by the specimens collected by Mr. Harris, the inflorescence is about 1.3 meters high, floriferous from about the middle, the lower panicle-branches up to 3 dm . long, the lower bracts of the scape lanceolate, $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{I} .5 \mathrm{dm}$. long, long-acuminate; the basal leaves are narrowly lanceolate, 6-8 dm. long, $4^{-6} \mathrm{~cm}$. wide and very long-acuminate, glabrous and finely many-nerved; the flowers are sessile and quite widely separated on the slender branches of the inflorescence, their bracts ovate-lanceolate, acutish, about I cm. long; the linear sepals are 2 cm . long, and the thin parallel-veined petals 3 cm . long, linear-lanceolate and acuminate, about one-fourth longer than the stamens.

The capsule was described by Mr. J. G. Baker as at least twice as long as the calyx.

New York Botanical Garden.

## LOCAL FLORA NOTES-VIII*

By Norman Taylor
Species Specimens wanted from

## Cruciferae

| Arabis hirsuta (L.) Scop. | Northern N. J. and N. Y. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cardamine pratensis L. | N. J. or elsewhere in the range. $\dagger$ |

[^0]Species
Cardamine rotundifolia Michx.
Cardamine purpurea (Torr.) Northern N. Y. and Pa.
Britton.
Dentaria maxima Nutt.
Dentaria anomala Eames.
Dentaria diphylla Michx.
Dentaria incisifolia Eames.
Dentaria heterophylla Nutt.
Draba caroliniana Walt.
Lepidium apetalum Willd.
Lepidium medium L.
Lepidium graminifolium L . Roripa americana (A. Gray) Northern N. Y. and Pa. Britton.
Roripa hispida (Desv.) Britton. Lunaria annua L. Arabis patens Sullivant. Brassica japonica Siebold.

Specimens wanted from
Western N. J. and eastern Pa.

Northern N. Y., N. J., and Pa.
Anywhere in the range. N. J.

Anywhere in the range.
N. J.

Anywhere in the range.
Anywhere in the range. N. Y. and N. J.

Anywhere in the range.
N. Y. and Pa.

Anywhere in the range.
Eastern Pa.
Anywhere in the range.

## Sarraceniaceat

Sarracenia purpurea L.
Westchester, Orange, and Rockland counties, N. Y., and from Somerset Co., N. J.

## Droseraceae

Drosera filiformis Raf.
Middlesex, Mercer, and Camden counties, N. J.

Podostemonaceae
Podostemon Ceratophyllum Anywhere in the range. Michx.
counties bordering the Hudson River up to and including Columbia and Greene, also Sullivan and Delaware counties; all of New Jersey; and Pike, Wayne, Monroe, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Northampton, Lehigh, Carbon, Bucks, Berks, Schuylkill. Montgomery, Philadelphia, Delaware and Chester counties in Pennsylvania.

Specimens wanted from
Crassulaceae

Tillaea aquatica L.
Sempervivum tectorum L.
Rhodiola rosea L. (Sedum).
Sedum ternatum Michx.

Anywhere in the range.
N. J. and N. Y.

Any stations not in Britton's Manual.
Anywhere in the range.

Parnassiaceae
Parnassia caroliniana Michx. Anywhere in the coastal plain.

## Saxifragaceae

Micranthes (Saxifraga) micran- Eastern Pa.
thidifolia (Haw.) Small.
Micranthes (Saxifraga) penn- Northern N. J.
sylvanica (L.) Haw.
Tiarella cordifolia L.
Heuchera Curtisii T. \& G.
Heuchera pubescens Pursh.
Mitella nuda L.
Chrysosplenium americanum
Eastern Pa.
Anywhere in the range.
Mountains of Pa .
Northern N. Y.
L. I., central N. J., and Pa.

Schwein.

## Hydrangeaceae

Hydrangea arborescens L. New Jersey.

## Iteaceae

Itea virginica L .
Ocean and Monmouth counties, N. J.

## Hamamelidaceae

Hamamelis virginiana L.
In or near the pine-barrens of N. J. and L. I.

Altingiaceae
Liquidambar Styraciflua L.
In or north of the highlands of the Hudson.

## Grossulariaceae

Ribes lacustre (Pers.) Poir. Northern N. Y.
Ribes glandulosum Grauer. ( $R . \quad \mathrm{Pa} . \& \mathrm{~N}$. Y.
prostratum L'Her.)*
Ribes americanum Mill. ( $R$. Northern N. Y. and N. J. floridum L'Her.)
Ribes triste Pall. (R.rubrum L.) N. J. and N. Y.
Grossularia hirtella (Michx.) N. J. and Pa.
Spach. (R. huronense Rydb.)
Grossularia (Ribes) Cynosbati Northern N. J., N. Y., and Pa. (L.) Mill.

Platanus occidentalis L.

## Platanaceae

New York Botanical Garden.

Ulster, Greene, and Delaware counties, N. Y.

## REVIEWS

## The Plant Life of Maryland $\dagger$

There are very few states in the Union whose vegetation has been described with any pretense of thoroughness, and in Maryland not even a catalogue of the vascular plants of the whole state had been published before; probably chiefly because the state contains very few rare and perhaps no endemic species, and therefore offers little attraction to the average systematic botanist. Maryland is the northernmost state, south of the glaciated region, which extends all the way from the coast to the mountains (and incidentally probably the only one which contains both Taxus minor and Taxodium, or Pinus Taeda and

[^1]
[^0]:    * Continued from Bull. Torrey Club 37: 559-562. N I9io.
    $\dagger$ The local flora range as prescribed by the Club's Preliminary Catalogue of 1888 is as follows: All of the state of Connecticut; Long Island; in New York the

[^1]:    * The names used are those maintained in North American Flora 22: 193-209. 1908. The ones in brackets are those in Britton's manual.
    $\dagger$ The Plant Life of Maryland. By Forrest Shreve, M. A. Chrysler, Frederick H. Blodgett and F. W. Besley. Special publication Maryland Weather Service, new series, Vol. 3, 533 pp., 39 plates (including I map), 15 text-figures (including 12 maps). Baltimore, 1910.

    Abstracts or reviews of it have already appeared in Science II. 32 : 837-868. Dec. 16, 1910 ; Forestry Quarterly 8:484-486. 1911; and Scottish Geographical Magazine 27 : I-6. f. I-4. Jan., 1911.

